Public Document Pack



SUMMONS TO ATTEND COUNCIL MEETING - SECOND SUPPLEMENTARY

Monday 26 November 2018 at 6.00 pm

Conference Hall - Brent Civic Centre, Engineers Way, Wembley, HA9 0FJ

To the Mayor and Councillors of the London Borough of Brent and to each and every one of them.

I hereby summon you to attend the MEETING OF THE COUNCIL of this Borough.

CAROLYN DOWNS Chief Executive

Dated: 23 November 2018

anogon Done

For further information contact: Thomas Cattermole, Head of Executive and Member Services 020 8937 5446, Email: thomas.cattermole@brent.gov.uk

For electronic copies of minutes, reports and agendas, and to be alerted when the minutes of this meeting have been published visit:

democracy.brent.gov.uk

The press and public are welcome to attend this meeting

Please note this meeting will be filmed for live broadcast on the Council's website. By entering the meeting room you will be deemed to have consented to the possibility of being filmed and to the possible use of those images and sound recordings for webcasting.



Agenda

10 Non Cabinet Members' Debate

1 - 4

To enable non Cabinet Members to debate an issue of relevance to Brent for which notice has been provided in accordance with Standing Order 34 and to receive reports from Cabinet members, where required, on issues previously raised.

Members are asked to note that the subject identified for debate at this meeting is as follows:

Private Rented Housing Sector

The motion put forward as the basis of this debate has been attached.



- Please remember to switch your mobile phone to silent during the meeting.
- The meeting room is accessible by lift and seats will be provided for members of the public.



Full Council – 26 November 2018

Motion for Non Cabinet Member debate

Private Rented Housing Sector

This Council notes:

The important work carried out by the Private Housing Enforcement team:

- Brent has an estimated 36,000 privately rented properties. The Private Housing Enforcement team carry out between 30-40 planned inspections per week, plus an additional 10-15 unannounced inspection raids.
- Brent Council has won 140 landmark prosecution cases against rogue landlords, agents and sub-letters since 2016. The convictions have resulted in more than £1.1m in court fines and costs.
- A total of 901 PRS Properties have been improved as a consequence of their interventions, since January 2018.
- Brent Council is registered with, and a member of the Housing Ombudsman Service. We also contribute to the renters' advice service: Advice 4 Renters, and enforcement officers give A4R's advice leaflets to tenants when they visit. They also signpost tenants to A4R's website, or SSP Law (solicitor firm contracted by Brent Council to advise tenants).

This despite the Council operating against a backdrop of prolonged austerity. We therefore also note:

- The average price paid for property in Brent in the last year stands at nearly half a million pounds. Consequently it is no small wonder that the proportion of people renting privately has doubled since 2004; half of 18-35s, 1 in 4 families with children, and growing numbers of older people now live in privately rented homes [1].
- That most of England's 11 million renters are on tenancies with fixed terms of six months or a
 year; after this period has ended, landlords can evict their tenants with just two months' notice,
 without giving them a reason. These 'no fault evictions' were introduced under Section 21 of
 the 1988 Housing Act; before this, renters had much greater security and it was difficult for
 landlords to evict tenants who paid the rent on time and looked after the property.
- Evictions are the number one cause of homelessness with 80% of evictions on no-fault grounds, and 63% of private renters who were forced to move in 2016 evicted not due to any fault of their own but because the landlord wanted to sell or use the property [2,3,4].
- The recent Guardian and ITV investigation into rogue landlords operating in Brent, and note how a number of these criminals wilfully exploit loopholes within existing legislation.
- The London Mayor's online "<u>rogue landlord checker</u>" is available to all Londoners and has received more than 1,000 entries from local authorities.
- That Karen Buck MP's private members bill on "Homes (fitness for human habitation)", which
 seeks to require that residential rented accommodation is provided and maintained in a state of
 fitness for human habitation. We also welcome the progress of the tenants' fees bill through
 Parliament.

Page 1

This Council believes:

- That housing is intrinsically linked to poverty and life chances. Children need secure homes from which to excel in their schooling. Adults need a secure home in order to work, flourish, and take part in society to their fullest potential.
- The Government has been forced into a U-turn after a Guardian and ITV News investigation revealed that not a single name had been entered into the government's new rogue landlord database system in more than six months since its launch – and that even when landlords' names were listed, the public would not be allowed to see them. [5]
- Landlord licensing is not fit for purpose until universally implemented, and the problem of rogue landlords is far-reaching beyond borough boundaries. We need an effective scheme, local authorities that are properly resourced and improved tenants' rights. A national regulatory framework would ensure consistent regulation for all landlords across the country and stop the rogues from switching local authorities.
- To fix this broken system, we need a complete rebalancing of the power relationship between landlords and tenants. The underlying issues of the housing crisis will only be solved by the construction of social and genuinely affordable housing on an unprecedented scale, with legislative teeth to punish rogue landlords.
- Mass homelessness is a national disgrace, and removing its leading causes should be a priority.
- Alongside tackling homelessness, abolishing Section 21 no-fault evictions would help to make renting more secure, improve standards, increase tenant confidence and ultimately contribute towards making renting a viable long-term alternative to home ownership or social rent for the millions who currently cannot access either.
- Renters Unions would make it easier for tenants to defend their rights, and for existing unions like the London Renters Union to defend their members.

This Council resolves:

- To support the abolition of Section 21 no fault evictions.
- To note that the Council will continue to serve improvement notices and emergency remedial
 action notices on landlords where private rented homes fail physical inspection, which can
 restrict the scope of private landlords to serve retaliatory section 21 notices.
- To call for the tightening of legislation so landlords can't use property agents to hop from borough to borough.
- To support new renters' unions to allow renters to organise and defend their rights, and to make the housing market fairer.

Councillor Fleur Donnelly-Jackson Willesden Green Ward

Notes:

Prosecutions:

https://www.brent.gov.uk/council-news/press-releases/pr6728/https://www.brent.gov.uk/council-news/press-releases/pr6719/

Action 4 Renters – annual report http://www.advice4renters.org.uk/files/9415/1181/6010/AR_2017.pdf

Footnotes:

[1] English Housing Survey 2016-17

- [2] 'Record numbers left homeless after eviction by private landlords in England', The Guardian, 28.9.16
- [3] 'How eviction leads to homelessness: "My youngest child doesn't know what a home is", The Guardian, 8.1.18
- [4] 'The state of private renting', Inside Housing, 2.8.17
- [5] https://www.theguardian.com/business/2018/oct/24/government-policing-of-rogue-landlords-labelled-pathetic
- [6] https://www.london.gov.uk/rogue-landlord-checker

